IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF WEST VIRGINIA AT CHARLESTON

TRANSCRIPT OF PROCEEDINGS

THE CITY OF HUNTINGTON,

CIVIL ACTION NO. 3:17-cv-01362

Plaintiff,

VS.

AMERISOURCEBERGEN DRUG CORPORATION, et al.,

Defendants. :

-----x

CABELL COUNTY COMMISSION, : CIVIL ACTION

Plaintiff, :

VS.

AMERISOURCEBERGEN DRUG CORPORATION, et al.,

Defendants.

NO. 3:17-cv-01665

VIDEO PRE-TRIAL CONFERENCE

BEFORE THE HONORABLE DAVID A. FABER SENIOR UNITED STATES DISTRICT JUDGE

JANUARY 6, 2021

Exhibit 2

to maintain, set up, or operate a suspicious order monitoring system.

2.1

So the answer to your question, Your Honor, is none. There is no linkage between this data and, and this case and these defendants and what the plaintiffs want to do with it. So notice is not a sufficient basis on which to override a hearsay objection.

THE COURT: If, if Keller testifies that this information was relied upon to support the expert opinions, does that make the data admissible?

MS. HARDIN: No, sir, it does not. Her opinions -- again, Dr. Keller's opinions are subject to Daubert challenges, so I'll just put that out there on the record just for Your Honor's knowledge.

But if, if she is permitted to testify, she could testify only to what she's already said, of course, which is that this data exists and could be purchased.

She will, of course, be locked into her testimony, her admissions that we didn't buy it, we didn't have it, and she has no opinions about whether or not we should have gotten it.

But experts often rely on -- or are permitted to rely on evidence that is otherwise hearsay, as Your Honor well knows. That does not give the underlying evidence independent evidentiary value.